Supplementary Exercises for Sections 13.5

- 1. Find the directions in which the directional derivative of $f(x,y) = x^2 + \sin(xy)$ at the point (1,0) has the value of 1.
- 2. A bug is crawling on the surface of a hot plate, the temperature of which at the point x units to the right of the lower left corner and y units up from the lower left corner is given by

$$T(x,y) = 100 - x^2 - 3y^3.$$

- (a) If the bug is at the point (2, 1), in what direction should be move to cool off the fastest? How fast is he cooling off?
- (b) If the bug is at the point (1,3), in what direction should be move in order to maintain his temperature?
- 3. Suppose that $g(x,y) = y x^2$. Find the gradient at the point (-1,3). Sketch the level curve to the graph of g when g(x, y) = 2, and plot both the tangent line and the gradient vector at the point (-1,3). (Make your sketch large). What do you notice, geometrically?
- 4. Recall from class that the gradient $\nabla(f)$ is a vector valued function of two variables. Prove the following gradient rules. Assume f(x, y) and q(x, y) are differentiable functions.

(b)
$$\nabla(\frac{f}{a}) = \frac{g\nabla f - f\nabla g}{a^2}$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} (\mathbf{a}) \ \nabla(fg) = f \nabla(g) + g \nabla(f) \\ (\mathbf{b}) \ \nabla(\frac{f}{g}) = \frac{g \nabla f - f \nabla g}{g^2} \\ (\mathbf{c}) \ \nabla((f(x,y))^n) = n f(x,y)^{n-1} \nabla f \end{array}$