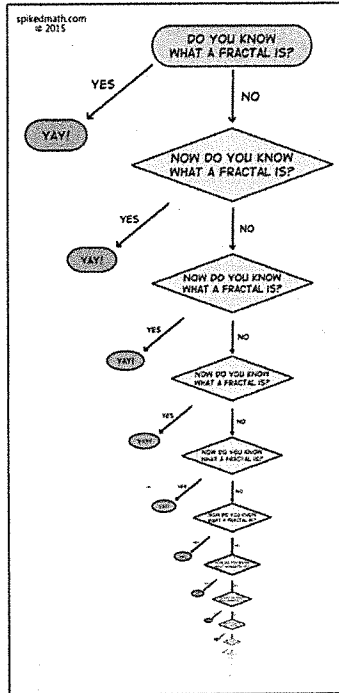


Math 225: Quiz the Penultimate
May 1, 2015

You have the remainder of the period to complete this closed-book, closed-notes, closed-colleague quiz. You may use a calculator for arithmetic only (ie, no plotting). PLEASE READ ALL DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY!



1. Find $\int_C \frac{2y}{x} ds$ where C is the parabolic segment of $y = x^2$ from $(1, 1)$ to $(5, 25)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= t \\
 y &= t^2 \\
 1 &\leq t \leq 5 \\
 ds &= \sqrt{1+4t^2}
 \end{aligned}
 \qquad
 \int_1^5 \frac{2t^2}{t} \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt = \int_1^5 2t \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3} (1+4t^2)^{3/2} \right) \Big|_1^5$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} (101^{2/3} - 5^{2/3})$$

2. (a) Find $\int_C f(x, y) ds$ where C is the circle of radius 2, and

$$f(x, y) = 2x + 3y + 6.$$

$$x = 2 \cos t$$

$$y = 2 \sin t$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$ds = \sqrt{4 \cos^2 t + 4 \sin^2 t}$$

$$= 2$$

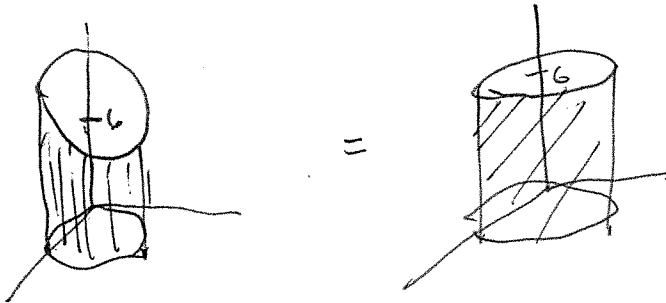
$$\int_0^{2\pi} (4 \cos t + 6 \sin t + 6) 2 dt$$

$$= [4 \sin t - 6 \cos t + 6] \cdot 2 \Big|_0^{2\pi} = 24\pi$$

(b) Find $\int_C f(x, y) ds$ where C is the circle of radius 2, and $f(x, y) = 6$.

$$\int_0^{2\pi} 6(2) dt = 24\pi$$

(c) Comment, geometrically, on your answers for (a) and (b).



3. Find the amount of work done by \mathbf{F} on an object moving along the line segment from $(2, 0)$ to $(1, 3)$ where $\mathbf{F} = \langle 2y, x + e^y \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2-t \\ y &= 3t \\ 0 \leq t &\leq 1 \end{aligned} \quad W = \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_C 2y dx + (x + e^y) dy$$

$$\int_0^1 (6t)(-1) + (2-t + e^{3t})(3) dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 6 - 9t + 3e^{3t} dt = \left[6t - \frac{9}{2}t^2 + e^{3t} \right]_0^1$$

$$= 6 - \frac{9}{2} + e^3 - 1 = \frac{1}{2} + e^3$$

4. For each field \mathbf{F} , find a function f such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla(f)$, or explain why none exists.

(a) $\mathbf{F} = \langle \cos x + 2xy, x^2 + \frac{1}{y} \rangle$ $Q_x = 2x = P_y$ ✓

$$f(x, y) = \sin x + x^2 y + \ln|y| + C$$

(b) $\mathbf{F} = \langle xe^{xy}, ye^{xy} \rangle$ $Q_x = y^2 e^{xy}$ $P_y = x^2 e^{xy}$

$$\vec{F} \neq \nabla f \text{ for any } f.$$

(c) $\mathbf{F} = \langle 2xy, x^2 + z^2, 2xz \rangle$

$$\begin{array}{l} P_y \stackrel{?}{=} Q_x \\ 2x = 2x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} Q_z \stackrel{?}{=} R_y \\ 2z \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} R_x \stackrel{?}{=} P_z \\ 2z \neq 0 \end{array}$$

No such f exists.

$$\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

5. Find $\int_C yz \, dx + xz \, dy + xy \, dz$ where C is the line segment from $(1, 2, 4)$ to $(3, 1, 6)$

Note $\vec{F} = \vec{\nabla} f$ where

$$f = xyz$$
$$\text{So } \int_C \vec{\nabla} f \cdot d\vec{r} = xyz \Big|_{(1,2,4)}^{(3,1,6)} = 18 - 8 = \underline{10}$$

6. Find $\int_C (x \cos x + 2y) \, dx + (2x + \sqrt{y^3 + 1}) \, dy$, where C is the triangle with vertices $(0,0)$, $(0,1)$, and $(1,1)$.

$$Q_x = 2 = P_y \quad \text{so } \vec{F} \text{ is conservative, } C \text{ is closed} \Rightarrow$$

$$\text{Work} = 0.$$

7. (Bonus)

(a) Which topics do you feel most confident about heading into the final exam?

(b) Which do you feel you need to work on?