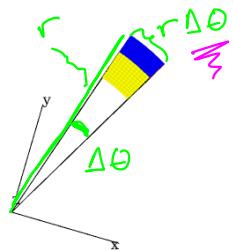
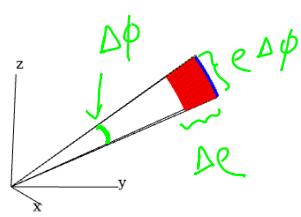
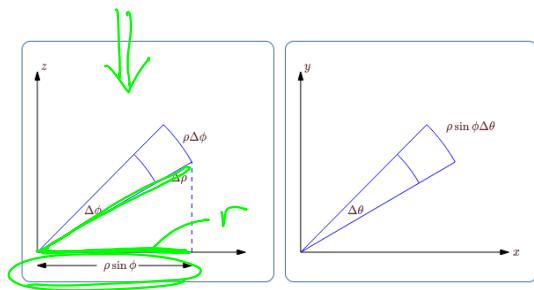


Triple integrals in spherical coordinates, section 15.6

$\Delta\rho \Delta\phi \Delta\theta$



Little box has volume
 $\Delta\rho \rho \Delta\phi \rho \sin\phi \Delta\theta$



$$\text{Volume} = \iiint_R 1 \rho^2 \sin\phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

Volume of a sphere of radius a .

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a 1 \rho^2 \sin\phi d\rho d\phi d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\rho^3}{3} \Big|_0^a \sin\phi d\phi d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \frac{a^3}{3} \sin\phi d\phi d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{a^3}{3} (-\cos\phi) \Big|_0^{\pi} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{a^3}{3} (-(-1 - -1)) d\theta \\ &= \frac{a^3}{3} 2 \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta = \frac{a^3}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot 2\pi = \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{3}\pi a^3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\iiint_R f(\rho, \phi, \theta) \rho^2 \sin\phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

$f(x, y, z)$

$$x = \rho \sin\phi \cos\theta$$

$$y = \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta$$

$$z = \rho \cos\phi$$

$$\text{density} = z^2$$

$$\text{Total mass} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a (\rho \cos \phi)^2 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a e^{\rho^4} \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

$$\int \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi d\phi \overset{-du}{=} u \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi du$$

$$u = \cos \phi$$

$$du = -\sin \phi d\phi$$

$$M_{yz} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a e^{\rho^4} \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta \quad \bar{x} = \frac{M_{yz}}{M}$$

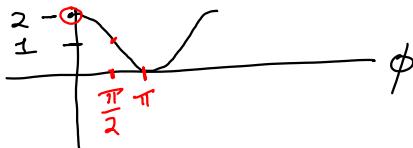
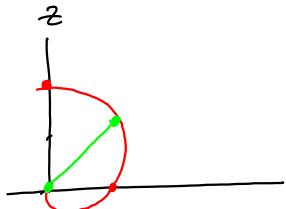
$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a e^{\rho^4} \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \phi \cos \theta d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

$$\int \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \phi d\phi ??$$

=====

$$\rho = 1 + \cos \phi$$

"Same" in every θ -direction.



$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a 1 + \cos \phi e^{\rho^4} \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \phi \left[\frac{\rho^5}{5} \right]_0^a 1 + \cos \phi d\phi d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \phi \left(\frac{(1 + \cos \phi)^5}{5} \right) d\phi d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} -\frac{u^5}{3} du d\theta$$

$$u = 1 + \cos \phi$$

$$u = 1 + \cos 0 = 2$$

$$du = -\sin \phi d\phi$$

$$u = 1 + \cos \pi = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$-du = \sin \phi d\phi$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \frac{u^3}{3} du d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{u^4}{12} \Big|_0^2 d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{2^4}{12} d\theta \\
 &= \frac{2^4}{12} \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi} = \frac{2^4}{12} 2\pi = \frac{4}{3} \cdot 2\pi = \frac{8\pi}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$