

Calculus II Review Practice

Solutions provided online

Exercises

1. Evaluate each limit:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}.$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x}.$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^3 - 5x + 1}{x^3 + 4x^2}.$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1 + 2x)}{x}.$

2. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \leq 2, \\ mx + b, & x > 2. \end{cases}$$

Find m and b so that f is *continuous and differentiable* at $x = 2$.

3. Differentiate $y = \frac{x^2 \sin x}{e^x}.$

4. Find the equation of the tangent line to $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 1)$ at $x = 1$.

5. Compute the second derivative $f''(x)$ for $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}.$

6. Let $f(x) = x^3 + x + 1$. Compute $(f^{-1})'(1)$. (Hint: Do not compute the inverse- if you know that (a, b) is on the graph of $f(x)$, and $f'(a) = m$, then what is $(f^{-1})'(b)$?)