## Solutions to Worksheet: Linear Operators

- 1. Let R(f) be the operator defined by:  $R(f) = f''(t) + 3t^2f(t)$ . Find R(f) for each function below:
  - (a)  $f(t) = t^2$

SOLUTION:

Since f'(t) = 2t and f''(t) = 2, we have:

$$R(t^2) = 2 + 3t^2 \cdot t^2 = 2 + 3t^4$$

(b)  $f(t) = \sin(3t)$ 

SOLUTION:

Since  $f'(t) = 3\cos(3t)$  and  $f''(t) = -9\sin(3t)$ , we substitute:

$$R(\sin(3t)) = -9\sin(3t) + 3t^2\sin(3t) = (3t^2 - 9)\sin(3t)$$

(c) f(t) = 2t - 5

SOLUTION:

$$R(2t-5) = 0 + 3t^2(t-5) = 3t^3 - 15t^2$$

2. Let R be the operator defined in the previous problem. Show that R is a linear operator.

SOLUTION:

- $R(f+g) = (f+g)'' + 3t^2(f+g) = f'' + g'' + 3t^2f + 3t^2g = f'' + 3t^2f + g'' + 3t^2g = R(f) + R(g)$
- $R(cf) = (cf)'' + 3t^2(cf) = cf'' + 3t^2cf = c(f'' + 3t^2f) = cR(f)$
- 3. Let F(y) = y'' + y 5. Explain why F is not linear.

SOLUTION:

Best way is to show it- This F does not satisfy either part of the definition. For example,

$$F(x+y) = (x+y)'' + (x+y) - 5 = x'' + x + y'' + y - 5 \neq (x'' + x - 5) + (y'' + y - 5) = F(x) + F(y)$$

- 4. Find the operator associated with the given differential equation, and classify it as linear or not linear:
  - (a)  $y' = ty^2 + \cos(t)$ SOLUTION

$$L(y) = y' - ty^2$$

Not linear

(b)  $y'' = 4y' + 3y + \sin(t)$ SOLUTION

$$L(y) = y'' - 4y' - 3y$$

Linear

(c)  $y' = e^t y + 5$  SOLUTION

$$L(y) = y' - e^t y$$

Linear (in y)

(d) 
$$y'' = -\cos(y) + \cos(t)$$
  
SOLUTION

$$L(y) = y'' + \cos(y)$$

Not linear