## Homework for 7.1

After Tuesday's lecture, we should be able to:

Convert a second order linear homogeneous DE to a system of first order DEs.
EXAMPLE: y" + 2y' + y = 0
SOLUTION: Let x<sub>1</sub> = y and x<sub>2</sub> = y'. Then x'<sub>1</sub> = y' = x<sub>2</sub> and x'<sub>2</sub> = y" = -y - 2y' = -x<sub>1</sub> - 2x<sub>2</sub>. Therefore, the system is

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1' &= x_2 \\ x_2' &= -x_1 - 2x_2 \end{array}$$

• Convert a system of first order DEs to a second order linear homogeneous DE.

EXAMPLE:  $\begin{array}{ll} x_1' &= -x_1 + x_2 \\ x_2' &= 3x_1 - x_2 \end{array}$ 

SOLUTION: Solve the first equation for  $x_2$  in terms of  $x_1$ :  $x_2 = x'_1 + x_1$ . Use this expression in the second equation to get an equation completely in terms of  $x_1$ :

$$x'_{2} = 3x_{1} - x_{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad (x'_{1} + x_{1})' = 3x_{1} - (x'_{1} + x_{1}) \quad \Rightarrow \quad x''_{1} + x'_{1} = 3x_{1} - x'_{1} - x_{1}$$

Giving us:

$$x_1'' + 2x_1' - 2x_1 = 0$$

• Solve a system of first order DEs (x'(t) = ... and y'(t) = ...) by first forming dy/dx.

EXAMPLE: 
$$\begin{array}{l} x' &= 2y \\ y' &= 3x \end{array}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt} = \frac{3x}{2y} \quad \Rightarrow \quad 2y \, dy = 3x \, dx \quad \Rightarrow \quad y^2 = \frac{3}{2}x^2 + C$$

## More Practice Problems

- 1. Convert to a system of first order DEs:
  - (a) y'' + 9y = 0

(b) 
$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$$

(c) 
$$y'' + y' - 2y = 0$$

- 2. For the previous problems, solve the systems by using methods from Chapter 3 on the second order equation.
- 3. Convert the following systems to second order equations:

(a) 
$$\begin{aligned} x_1' &= 2x_1 + x_2 \\ x_2' &= x_1 + x_2 \end{aligned}$$
  
(b)  $\begin{aligned} x_1' &= x_2 \\ x_2' &= 3x_1 + x_2 \end{aligned}$   
(c)  $\begin{aligned} x_1' &= x_1 \\ x_2' &= x_1 + x_2 \end{aligned}$ 

4. Solve the system by first writing the DE as dy/dx:

(a) 
$$\begin{array}{l} x' &= x\\ y' &= x+y \end{array}$$

(How else might you solve this system more directly?)

(b) 
$$\begin{array}{c} x' &= x + y \\ y' &= x - y \end{array}$$

(For this problem, is the DE homogeneous (the Chapter 2 version)? If so, just write how you would proceed to solve it).