

Math 244 Sample Final B

Show all your work! A table of Laplace transforms is provided.

1. Short Answer:

- (a) Suppose that $y' = e^y + \frac{t^2}{e^y}$. Substitute $u = e^y$ to get a differential equation in u .
- (b) Use the method of undetermined coefficients to give the form of the particular solution(s) to the following (DO NOT solve for the coefficients!):

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 6t^2 - 12te^{3t} + t \sin(2t)$$

2. Short Answer, Laplace Transforms:

- (a) Define the Laplace transform for $f(t)$: $F(s) =$
- (b) Compute the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{s^2 - 10s + 29}$
- (c) Compute the Laplace transform of the following (leave your answer as $Y(s) = \dots$)

$$y'' + 6y' = t^2 u_2(t) \quad y(0) = 1 \quad y'(0) = 0$$

3. Given $y' = y - y^2$, answer the following without solving the DE:

- (a) If $y(0) = 2$, what is the limit $t \rightarrow \infty$ of $y(t)$?
- (b) Find where $y(t)$ is increasing, decreasing.
- (c) Find where $y(t)$ is concave up, concave down.

4. Suppose you have a tank of brine containing 300 gallons of water with a concentration of 1/6 pounds of salt per gallon. There is brine pouring into the tank at a rate of 3 gallons per minute, and it contains 2 pounds of salt per gallon. The well-mixed solution leaves at 2 gallons per minute. (i) Write the initial value problem for the amount of salt in the tank at time t , and (ii) solve it.

5. Classify the origin using the Poincaré Diagram and solve the system using eigenvectors/eigenvalues:

$$\mathbf{Y}'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{Y}$$

6. Solve the same system as in Problem (5), but solve it by first writing an equivalent second order differential equation (be sure to solve for both $y_1(t)$ and $y_2(t)$).

7. Find the series expansion for the following, up to and including the t^4 term, where

$$y'' - ty' + y = 0 \quad y(1) = 1 \quad y'(1) = 2$$

8. Solve:

- (a) $y' = y(1 - y)$
- (b) $ty' + ty = 1 - y$
- (c) $y'' + 2y' = t^2$

9. Let

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= 2x - x^2 - xy \\ y' &= y - xy \end{aligned}$$

- (a) If $x(t)$ and $y(t)$ are populations of animals, is this differential equation a version of “predator-prey” or “competing species”? Explain- In particular, discuss the assumptions on how the populations increase/decrease in the absence of the other.
- (b) Find and classify all equilibrium solutions.
- (c) Using your previous answers, if $x_0 = \frac{1}{2}$, and $y_0 = \frac{1}{8}$, where does $(x(t), y(t))$ go as $t \rightarrow \infty$?