## **Group Practice**

Find the general form of the solution to the corresponding differential equation:

1. 4y'' + 4y' + y = 0

2. y'' + 4y' + 13 = 0

3. 
$$y'' + y' - 2y = 0$$

4. 
$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

5. 3y'' + 2y' + y = 0

## Find the second solution using $\boldsymbol{W}$

Use the Wronskian to find the second solution, given that

$$t^2y'' - 4ty' + 6y = 0 \qquad y_1(t) = t^2$$

The idea is that we compute  $W(y_1, y_2)(t)$  two ways (one way using the definition, the second using Abel's Theorem), then set them equal. This gives a differential equation for  $y_2$  that we can solve.