EXAMPLE: Section 1.1, Problems 12, 13 and 28

12. Solve the system:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
x_1 & -3x_2 & +4x_3 & = & -4 \\
3x_1 & -7x_2 & +7x_3 & = & -8 \\
-4x_1 & +6x_2 & -x_3 & = & 7
\end{array}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 & | & -4 \\ 3 & -7 & 7 & | & -8 \\ -4 & 6 & -1 & | & 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} -3r_1+r_2 \to r_2 \\ 4r_1+r_3 \to r_3 \end{array}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 & | & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & -5 & | & 4 \\ 0 & -6 & 15 & | & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

At this point, we could divide row 2 by 2, but that would introduce fractions. Alternatively, keep that for now.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 & | & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & -5 & | & 4 \\ 0 & -6 & 15 & | & -9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{3r_2+r_3 \to r_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 & | & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & -5 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Because the last row is translated to read: "0 = 3", this system is inconsistent (has no solution).

13. Solve the system:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} x_1 & -3x_3 & = & 8 \\ 2x_1 & +2x_2 & +9x_3 & = & 7 \\ & x_2 & +5x_3 & = & -2 \end{array}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 2 & 2 & 9 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-2r_1+r_2 \to r_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 2 & 15 & -9 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{r_3 \leftrightarrow r_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 15 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-2r_2+r_3 \to r_2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{5}r_2 \to r_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\stackrel{-5r_3+r_2 \to r_2}{\to}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Therefore, the solution is unique, and

$$x_1 = 5, x_2 = 3, x_3 = -1$$

(EXTRA PRACTICE: Verify that this is the solution by substitution of these numbers into the original equations!)

28. Find a, b, c, d so that the system below is consistent for all values of f and g. Assume that $a \neq 0$.

$$\begin{aligned}
ax + by &= f \\
cx + dy &= g
\end{aligned}$$

SOLUTION: Form the augmented matrix:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} a & b & f \\ c & d & g \end{array}\right]$$

Multiply the first row by $-\frac{c}{a}$ (which is always possible since $a \neq 0$), and add to the second row:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} a & b & f \\ 0 & d - \frac{bc}{a} & g - \frac{fc}{a} \end{array}\right]$$

For this system to be consistent for any f, g, we must have that

$$d - \frac{bc}{a} \neq 0 \implies \frac{ad - bc}{a} \neq 0 \implies ad - bc \neq 0$$

Side Remark 1: If $d - \frac{bc}{a} = 0$, it is *possible* to have a consistent system- if $g - \frac{fc}{a}$ is also 0. But in this case, the system is not consistent for all f, g.

Side Remark 2: You might recall that ad - bc is a special number for the matrix

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc}a&b\\c&d\end{array}\right]$$

. It is called the determinant.