

## In-class problems

1. Let  $W = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ ,  $\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- Project  $\mathbf{y}$  to each of the basis vectors of  $W$ .
- What is the orthogonal projection of  $\mathbf{y}$  onto  $W$ ,  $\hat{\mathbf{y}}$
- Compute  $\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{y} - \hat{\mathbf{y}}$ . What should this be orthogonal to?

2. Let  $S$  be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , and let the columns of  $X$  form a basis for  $S$ , so that  $X$  is  $n \times k$ .

Show that the matrix  $P = X(X^T X)^{-1} X^T$  is the projection matrix to  $S$  by doing the following:

- Show that  $P^2 = P$
- Show that, for any  $\mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $\mathbf{y} - P\mathbf{y} \perp S$ . You can do this by showing that the dot product between every basis vector in  $S$  and the vector  $\mathbf{y} - P\mathbf{y}$  is 0, or that

$$X^T(\mathbf{y} - P\mathbf{y}) = \vec{0}$$