RBF Homework

- 1. By hand:
 - (a) Suppose x = -2. Choose the centers $c = \{-1, 1, 2\}$. The transfer function will be the cubic function. Assume the weights and bias terms are:

$$W = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad b = 2$$

Compute the layers that make up the RBF (by hand):

$$\mathbf{x} \to \begin{bmatrix} \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_1\| \\ \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_2\| \\ \vdots \\ \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_k\| \end{bmatrix} \to S = \begin{bmatrix} \phi(\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_1\|) \\ \phi(\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_2\|) \\ \vdots \\ \phi(\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}_k\|) \end{bmatrix} \to WS + b$$

2. Coding Exercise 1:

Use the sample code given as a template for building a classifier diabetes data. We want to use OLS (you can use the same parameters as the wine example) to place the centers, and a Gaussian as a transfer function (you can set $\sigma = 1$, which is Matlab's default).

When you load the data, you'll see that X is 768×8 , and the targets are T (768×2).

3. Coding Exercise 2:

Use k-means clustering to place the centers, and build an RBF classifier for the handwritten digit data. In this case, do the clustering before doing the RBF to place 10 centers.

When you load the data, you'll see that X is 64×1797 and T is 10×1797 .